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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/891,022	06/25/2001	Ali Najib Saleh	CIS0008P8US	9442
33031 7:	590 04/12/2006		EXAMINER	
CAMPBELL STEPHENSON ASCOLESE, LLP			CHO, HONG SOL	
4807 SPICEWO BLDG. 4, SUIT	OOD SPRINGS RD. FE 201		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
AUSTIN, TX			2616	
			DATE MAILED: 04/12/2000	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	09/891,022	SALEH ET AI					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Hong Cho	2616					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover s	heet with the correspondenc	e address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however within the statutory minimu vill apply and will expire SIX cause the application to be	may a reply be timely filed Im of thirty (30) days will be considered (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of the come ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133	this communication.				
Status							
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>15 February 2006</u> .							
<i>;</i> —	<i>,</i> —						
) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims		·					
4)	vn from considerati <u>9,72,73,85-91,98,10</u> 71,74-84,92-97,99	0 <u>0,101 and 114-117</u> is/are ro and 102-112 is/are objected	-				
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the original transfer and the correction is objected to by the Examiner and the correction of the content of the correction of the content of the correction	epted or b) objecd drawing(s) be held in on is required if the d	abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a rawing(s) is objected to. See 3	, 7 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been receive s have been receive ity documents have i (PCT Rule 17.2(a)	ed. ed in Application No been received in this Natio).					
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		erview Summary (PTO-413) per No(s)/Mail Date					
Notice of Dratisperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) 🔲 No	tice of Informal Patent Application	(PTO-152)				

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

1. This office action is in response to the RCE filed on 02/15/2006. Claims 1-117 are pending in the instant application.

Claim Objections

2. Claim 114 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, First paragraph

- 3. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.
- 4. Claim 117 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

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Re claim 117, it recites, "said resources comprise an available class of service".

The original specification fails to describe the above claim limitation.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102(e) that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:
 - (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 6. Claims 1-3, 29-31, 57-59, 85-87, and 114-116 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Azuma et al (U.S 6430150), hereinafter referred to as Azuma.

Re claims 1, 29, 57, and 85, Azuma discloses restoring traffic on alternate virtual path (restoring a virtual path using an alternate physical path, abstract). Azuma discloses an alternate path computing part computing topology information to find alternate paths by referring to the physical topology information (identifying a plurality of nodes with resources, wherein nodes with resources are ones of said nodes having a resource necessary to support virtual path, column 8, lines 13-17). Azuma discloses executing topology computation by using the physical and logical topology tables (identifying an alternate path in response to said identifying said plurality of nodes with

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resources, said alternate path comprising ones of said nodes with resources, column 10, lines 24-43; figure 8, elements 11-13 and 18).

Re claims 2, 30, 58, and 86, Azuma discloses restoring a virtual path using an alternate physical path (figure 5a).

Re claims 3, 31, 59 and 87, Azuma discloses configuring an alternate physical path by establishing a communication connection between nodes with resources and provisioning virtual path over the alternate physical path (column 8, lines 20-26).

Re claim 114, Azuma discloses an alternate path computing part computing topology information to find alternate paths (determining whether a node under consideration would be appropriate for use in restoring said virtual path) by referring to the physical topology information (by virtue of having sufficient resources to support physical path to be used by said virtual path, column 8, lines 13-17).

Re claim 115, Azuma inherently discloses finding an alternate path connecting nodes with bandwidth to support additional data traffic.

Re claim 116, Azuma inherently discloses finding an alternate path connecting nodes with ports to support additional data traffic.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

8. Claims 4-7, 14, 16, 17, 32-35, 42, 44, 45, 60-63, 70, 72, 73, 88-91, 98, 100 and 101 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Azuma in view of Finn et al (U.S 6728205), hereinafter referred to as Finn.

Re claims 4, 32, 60 and 88, Azuma discloses detecting a failure in a virtual path by receiving a failure message packet (column 8, lines 4-5) and restoring virtual path for mesh networks (column 1, lines 8-10). Azuma fails to disclose provisioning a virtual path on a physical path between a first and a second node of an optical network wherein each one of nodes is coupled to at least one another of nodes by a plurality of optical links. Finn discloses network nodes connected through fiber optic cables and re-routing messages through a secondary path in case a primary path fails (column 16, lines 1-8). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Azuma to be used in optical network of Finn. The motivation is to get the benefit of high-speed network communications through fiber optic cables so that a prompt restoration is achieved through high-speed fiber optic communications.

Re claims 5, 6, 33, 34, 61, 62, 89 and 90, Azuma discloses all of the limitation of the base claim, but fails to disclose restoring a virtual path less than 2 seconds or 250 milliseconds. Finn discloses restoration time being about 50 milliseconds. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system of Azuma to be recovered less than 200 milliseconds by employing the concept of automatic protection switching in an optical network of Finn. The

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motivation is to provide fast restoration scheme and time so that switching to an alternate virtual path is transparent.

Re claims 7, 35, 63 and 91, Azuma discloses detecting a failure in a virtual path by receiving a failure message packet (column 8, lines 4-5).

Re claims 14, 16, 42, 44, 70, 72, 98 and 100, Azuma discloses intermediate nodes receiving a failure message (column 5, lines 15-17).

Re claims 17, 45, 73 and 101, Azuma discloses acknowledging a failure message and changing a state of the virtual path to down and releasing resources of the virtual path (column 6, lines 41-51; column 8, lines 15-18).

Claim 117 is are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Azuma in view of Bentall et al (U.S 6282170), hereinafter referred to as Bentall.

Re claim 117, Azuma discloses all of the limitations of the base claim, but fails to disclose identifying the plurality of nodes with an available class of service. Bentall discloses allowing various levels of quality of service within network (column 17, line 65 to column 18, line 5). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Azuma to perform alternate path routing based on level of quality of service at a given node so that data traffic would be rerouted through the optimized path.

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Allowable Subject Matter

9. Claim 113 is allowed.

10. Claims 8-13, 15, 18-28, 36-41, 43, 46-56, 64-69, 71, 74-84, 92-97, 99, and 102-112 are

objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if

rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any

intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

11. Applicant's arguments filed on 02/15/2006 have been fully considered but they are not

persuasive.

On page 32 Applicant argues that Azuma does not disclose identifying the

alternate physical path as a result of identifying a plurality of nodes with resources. The

Examiner respectfully disagrees. Azuma discloses determining alternate paths by using

the physical and logical topology information that have identified the plurality of nodes

with resources. It is clear that Azuma identifies nodes with resources as a result of

computation for finding alternate paths to restore failed path.

The Examiner concludes that the rejection of claims stands.

Conclusion

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12. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hong Cho whose telephone number is 571-272-3087.

The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri during 7 am to 4 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

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supervisor, Hassan Kizou can be reached on 571-272-3088. The fax phone number for

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

CHAU NGUYEN

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

Chare To Norm

TECHNOLOGY CENTED 2600

Hong Cho Patent Examiner 4/4/2006